From the New York Daily News. SOUTHERN STEAMER TO EUROPE

hern capitalists are moving for the construction of did steamer of 8,000 tens burden, to run monthly Baltimore and Norfolk to England, and it is said from Baltimore and Norfolk to England, and it is said that a fifth part of the amount required has been pledged by southern gentlemen doing business in this city. It is also estimated that the passenger and express freight business of Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, and Nor-jolk will be sufficient to support the steamer and insure teenty per cent. to the stockholders. If this is correct, the merchants and real-estate owners of those cities will esary funds to put the enterprise on a sound working

These projects may be carried out, because it is both raticable and paying, and not a mere grandiloquent ream, and the South is abundantly able to build a steamr suited to its requirements, and has commercial routes fully competent to sustain it. There should be no difficulty in forming the proposed company with a capital stock of \$700,000, divided into 1,400 shares of \$500, ach share to bear attached six passage coupons. These coupons entitle the holder to one free saloon passage every year for six years, which, at the moderate estimate of \$100, scures the shareholder 20 per cent. on his investment,

This novel feature of insuring the stockholders the first and safest share in the profits of the steamer commends the plan to favor and confidence, and two hundred shares n size and accommodations, and the contractors guaran-ty to run her 400 miles a day with less than the average Politics should have no share in this noble enterprise,

at the leaders of this movement declare that they are

First. "To emancipate the trade and travel of the outh from its paralyzing dependence on northern mo-Second. "To promote a direct immigration of manu-

acturing industry and capital into the ample and inviting

We wish success to the project of direct steam commo ication between Europe and our southern ports, for we neerely believe the prosperity of each and every section the country will advance the prosperity of the nation s a whole, and that a just equilibrium of sectional intersts is the best guarantee for the harmony and perma-

sence of the Union. There is no reason why the Empire City, the great me disting centre of commerce and production, should object to the South inviting a direct manufacturing and mining manigration into her wast fields of natural wealth.

At present the South manifests a decided disposition to or, and if it will discard the whole circle of transient, impracticable, and unpaying schemes—however alluring they may be in their magnificent proportions—and adopt a soner, common-sense programme, it will require but a moderate exertion of business energy and persistence to secure a permanent system of steam communication with Eu. on Saturday.

ope.

There is no doubt the South possesses within itself the neans to create and support a steamer of the first class from ports so favorably placed by nature as Baltimore and Norfolk, if they will concentrate upon it with any degree of business-like directness; but, as one of its own writers has observed, "southern enterprise seems to labor under

chronic infirmity of purpose."

Noble projects are formed, and are for a time sustained with talent and liberality; but when the strain of labor comes the projectors weary of well-doing, and at the crisis of final effort the capitalists, the press, and the people are off in chase of some new idea, and the matter either drops suddenly into the gulf of oblivion or is quietly taken up and perfected by some working bee of this "hive of northern monopolists" for his own peculiar advantage.

### From the Journal of Commerce. DINNER TO HON. H. C. MURPHY.

A large company of the friends of Hon. H. C. Murphy net him at a dinner of which they had in the met him at a dinner of which they had invited him to par-take, in anticipation of his speedy departure as United States minister to Holland, at the Mansion House, Brook-States minister to Holland, at the Mansion House, Brooklyn, last evening. The company satdown to the table at a quarter before eight. The room was beautifully decorated with American and Dutch flags and the Dutch coat of arma. At about ten Mr. Daniel Embury, who presided, requested the company to listen to the first sentiment, "The President of the United States." After which a letter was read from Junes Buchanan expressing his regret at being unable to be present. Other letters were read from Secretaries Cass, Toucey, and Cobb, Gov. King, and ex-Gov. Seymour. Mr. Embary then briefly and handsomely introduced the guest of the evening, Hon. H. C. Murphy, alloding to his fitness for the mission assigned him, in his familiar acquaintance with the Dutch language, as proved by his translations from that tongue of several works upon the early history of the Dutch settlements in this country. He then offered the following sentiment:

rable mission to a foreign court equally the

duties with when he is intrusive, he can be designed as the merited confidence of the government and the affectionate regard of his fellow-citizens.

Mr. Murphy responded, thanking his friends for their kindness. He felt himself unworthy of it, and words failed him in endeavoring to express his sense of their generous sympathy. It was a peculiar gratification to him to meet so many citizens of Brooklyn on one platform, where social rivalries and political differences were forgotten. The reception of this evening assured him that asperities of the past were like snowflakes on the river—now white, then lost forever.

The present occasion was the proudest of his life, when companions of his youth and friends of his manhood wanted to show him their kind regard. But memories of the just and visions of the future crowded on him. The fathers have passed away, and we must follow them. The hamlet of one hundred houses now maks among the first cities in the land, almost vicing with

taks among the first cities in the land, almost vicing with make among the first cities in the land, almost vieing with the one beside her, and it requires no spirit of prophecy to foresee they will both become one. He alluded to the various enterprises of the city, its water works, its public schools and churches, and commended them to a diligent and prudent care. He alluded also to some of the de-parted city worthies of Brooklyn, to whose sage counsels and foresight it is largely indebted for its present prosper-ity. He spoke of the long friendly relations between our

and toresignit it is largely indebted for its present prosper-ity. He spoke of the long friendly relations between our country and Holfand, and expressed the hope he should be able to acquit himself of the duties of his embassy so as not to be found unworthy of the trust reposed in him. He should carry the salutations and affectionate remem-brances of the children to the fatherland, and tell them that we have none less of the spirit of liberty than that which closes among them and carried them, as fely through og them and carried them safely through

house of representatives, the cities of New York and Brooklyn, and the judiciary, the legal profession, the re-formed clergy, the army and navy, &c., to which various utlemen present responded.

# Look to Your Interest.

NOW is the time to lay in your fuel for the winter, as we are prepared to sell WOOD and COAL chesper than at any other season of the year. than at any other season of the year.
Weekly receiving large shipments of white, red, and gray ash
Oold From the most supercord mises in the country, carefully prepared for reaking ranges, stocks, grates, and farmaces.

Also, HCKORY, OAK, and PINE WOOD, of the most superior qual-

DAILY EXPECTEDlarge supply of CUMBERLAND COAL, all of which will be sold at

he lowest market price.

Priors left with us will meet with prompt attention. Coal and
free delivered to any part of the city by our own teams free of cartal kept under cover ; 2,240 pounds to the ton, excefully weighed sworn weigher.

T. J. & W. M. GALT.
Office northwest corner 12th and C streets, No. 347,
One square south Pennsylvania aven

STEAM ENGINE AND BOILER FOR SALE HE Engine is of about eighteen-horse power, and although it has been in one two years, is as good as now. It is no large for the purposes to which it is now applied. A description of the engine is unnecessary, as persons who destire to jurchase all impact it for thermotives. The Messers, Ellis manufactured it, and has a self-cent guarantee of its value. B may be seen at the laste other, where the terms will be made known.

From the St. Louis Republican of July 5. MURDER AND ROBBERY AT LEAVENWORTH CITY .- JUDGE LYNCH IN THE FIELD.

Mr. Stanley Byland, of the steamer Enma, from the Missouri river yesterday, has kindly furnished us with the particulars of a late murder and robbery, and subse-quent lynching, at Leavenworth city.

The Emma arrived at Leavenworth at 1 o'clock, p. m., on Sunday last, and found considerable excitement pre-vailing in town on account of a murder which had been committed, and summary punishment inflicted on the perpetrators. The account of these transaction is, in sub-

from good authority—an eye witness—it appears that there has been a regularly-organized band of ruffians, desperadoes, and thieves for some time infesting the city and neighborhood. They have made a profitable business of killing strangers, robbing them, and throwing their bodies into the river to avoid detection. Several stran-

the plan to favor and confidence, and two hundred snarcs are engaged by men of southern connexion in this city. According to the proposals and estimates this magnificent four-wheeled steamer is to combine all the latest improvements, and will be superior to the Persia and Vanderbilt feethers, and will be superior to the Persia and Vanderbilt feethers, and will be superior to the contractors guaranteed and the contractors guarantee

Some citizens, suspecting that all was not right, took Quaries into custody, and proceeded to the spring, where the murdered man was discovered, and also some of the gang, who were arrested on the spot.

One of the arrested parties—a young man, quite a youth—made a full confession of the murder of Stephens, and also exposed numerous achievements of the

The crowd of citizens took Quarles and a man named Bayse, and kept them until they had such evidence as they thought sufficient to convict them of being implicated in the numerous murders recently committed in the community. After some deliberation, and hearing a speech from Judge Lecompte, who endeavored to quiet the excitement, the crowd, fearing interference from troops at the fort, took Quarles to a tree below town and hung him

Soon after Bayse shared the same fate.
On Sunday, as the boat passed down, the ringleaders of the gang—a man named Wood and another named Knight or Knighton-were in the hands of the citizens and were to be hung in the evening. Wood was making his will and Knight was writing a confession. Wood is supposed to possess a considerable amount of property—probably the proceeds of his diabolical deeds.

The names of those who were implicated by the young

to lynch every one found connected with this band. The entire community approve of and sanction the course pursued in regard to the hanging of Quarles and

#### From the N Y. Evening Post. THE CUNNINGHAM AFFAIR.

The late developments as to Mrs. Cunningham will The late developments as to Mrs. Cunningham will present a curious case for the lawyers. Supposing all the allegations to be true, how far can a person be legally criminal when the government supplies all the means and During the war of 1812 her husband and herself made a present a curious case for the lawyers. Supposing all the allegations to be true, how far can a person be legally criminal when the government supplies all the means and much of the ability for the commission of the crime? In Europe the question can hardly be mooted. The police of Paris have contrived many a plot, and the conspirators and victims have supplied the guillotine and died in the systems of Guiana without any legal and died in the swamps of Guiana without any legal question being raised. In England and Ireland, too, government agents have mingled with political conspirators, and earned blood-money by denouncing their associates. In the Cato-street conspiracy, when Thistlewood and his friends were seized in an overt act of treason, a man named Edwards had been employed by the government to co-operate with and apparently aid their schemes, as to which he afterwards testified in court. The subject was discussed in Parliament, and the opposition leaders of the day, Brougham and Ponsonby, considered the ac-tion of the government justifiable when atrocious schemes of murder or treason were hatching against the State.

In this country the question has never been raised. Can the government convict a person, for example, of passing counterfeit money, knowing it to be counterfeit, when the officers of the government have supplied the press, the paper, the ink; have put the notes upon the early history of the Duton settlements in this country. He then offered the following sentiment:

our Distinguished Guest: Enmently fitted by education, ability, and experience in public affairs for the high duties with which he is intrusted, he carries with him factured; a child is carefully picked out of the almshouse can this woman be sent to the State prison for accepting the child, under such circumstances, and saying it is her own ? This is a grave question, which we leave to the lawyers to moot and the judges to decide.

Our remarks have their application simply to the crim inal-law bearings of the case. As the affairs bear on their inal-law bearings of the case. As the aniars bear on their civil aspect, the action of the officers was an adroit strat-agem, by which an atrocious scheme was crushed, and a flood of light thrown on the dark and horrible transac-tions of Romb street.

Mr. Perkins, of Dover, N. H., recently made a contact that he could haul a wagon weighing two hundred and thirty pounds, with a man in it weighing one hundred and seventy pounds, two miles in twenty-five minutes.

No one will be disposed to criticise too severely the means by which a bold, bad woman is suddenly arrested in her career, and, whatever may be the legal penalties, subjected to awful retribution.

The law may be inadequate to this punishment. Its refinement and subtleties—its small-pace progress—its interminable appeals—its encouragement of sophistry and technicalities-may prevent it from dealing with this case; but there never was a case in which a terrible punishment more justly awaited an unparalleled crime. Few doubt now of the secret of the Bond-street tragedy; but the fruits of that long process of dark, cunning, and bloody villany have turned to dust and ashes.

We do not wonder that crowds surround the house in Bond street in which such scenes of complicated guilt have occurred. The guilty commerce of Burdell for the first six months of the drama; the attempt to coerce him into marriage, and the ineffectual struggles of the doomed man to break the net which cast its infernal filaments around him; the pretended marriage and its accompani-ments; the ghastly and mysterious murder; the bold but happily fruitless attempt to produce a fictitious beir, serve to render the spot accursed, while they develop a consecutive series of subtle and daring crime, to which we seek in vain a parallel in English or American annals, and which resemble what history or fiction, or both, have ascribed to the Borgias or the later Medici.

#### Washington Insurance Company. CHARTERED BY CONGRESS.

THIS Company is now prepared to receive applications for neutrance on buildings, neerchandise, Ac., at the usual city rates, without any charge for paticy, at their office, corner of Tenth street and Pean. avenue, over the Washington City Sarings

Wm. F. Beyly,
Robert Farnham,
Wm. Crate,
Francis Moltun
Benj. Benj. Benjl.
JAMES C. McGURF, President

American Gothic and Brass-Foil Roofing.

INVENTED BY EUGENIO LATILLA, ARCHITECT, M. S. B. A. &c. DESIGNS made for concrete churches, villas, cot-tagos, and farm buildings. Office, Goldson, near Chappagus, John 17. der HEAVY RAINS IN GEORGIA.

For the last three weeks this section, in common with nearly every portion of the South, has been visited with rains every day. The ground is quite wet, and the creeks and larger water-courses are unusually full for the

On Sunday afternoon and Sunday night rain fell in torrents in this neighborhood, and we feel satisfied must have caused considerable injury to the farms.

The river is gradually rising, and fears are entertained that the rich producing lands on the Savannah, now in a high state of cultivation, will be submerged by the rising water, and the growing crops destroyed.

Gentlemen who have recently been in the interior of the State, as well as in sections bordering on the headwaters of the Savannah, tell us that the rains have been very general wherever they have been.

Several heavy showers of rain fell yesterday and last night.

The counsel for the defence here announced that they

Speaking of the late heavy rains in that neighborhood,

the Macon Telegraph of Tuesday says : bodies into the river to avoid detection. Several strangers, known to have been possessed of money, have very mysteriously disappeared lately, and no one was able to account for their absence.

On Friday last a man named Stephens went from Kansas (Kiy to Leavenworth and presented a check for \$108 at the bank, and received the money. He was seen to count his money by a man named Quarles, who kept a gambling house in Leavenworth, and who enticed Stephens to a spring, near the town, under some pretence, and where they were promptly met by some members of the gang. Stephens was immediately killed, and his money taken from him. His body was then thrown into the river. From some unexplained cause Ouarles gave hacks, the train being left upon the track. The inbound passengers on the Southwestern road were brought to town in the same way, after a ride of five or six miles. On Saturday night the Southwestern track was repaired in time to deliver her up passengers by half-past eight o'clock. The Macon and Western road was also in running condition next day.

"In town, during the flood, the scenes were surprising, lamentable, and ludicrous."

THE TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT NIAGARA FALLS.—The

"An accident of a serious character occurred at Niagara Falls yesterday afternoon, about 4 o'clock. It appears that, as usual, a number of persons were strolling about visiting the various localities of interest, and a number had descended the Biddle stairs to the beach of the river, and gone towards the foot of the cataract. Suddenly an immense overhanging rock, weighing probably from thirty to fifty tons, became detached from the bank above them, and fell with a tremendous crash to the bottom. The concussion was so great as to split it into fragments, and the pieces flew in all directions. Three persons were seriously injured—one of them, a Mr. G. W. Parsons, from Cleveland, Ohio, it is feared fatally. The others were a gentleman who was stopping at the Cataract House, whose name we have been unable to learn, and a boy about fourteen years of age, who resides in the village of Niagara. This boy had his leg broken, and the gentleman at the Cataract House had, as we understand, both a leg and arm broken.

"Mr. Parsons, however, who is a guest at the Clarendon, was the principal sufferer. One piece of the rock struck him in the head, causing a dangerous fracture of the skull, and another piece crushed one of his hips in a frightful manner. He was immediately taken to the hotel, and surgical assistance procured. The professional "An accident of a serious character occurred at Nia

the skull, and another piece crushed one of his hips in a frightful manner. He was immediately taken to the hotel, and surgical assistance procured. The professional gentleman who attended him expressed, as we understand, but little hopes of his recovery. The unfortunate man was able to give such particulars concerning himself as to enable his friends in Cleveland to be notified by telegraph of his condition, and some of them are expected to come on immediately.

"Mr. Parsons is connected with some one of the rail-

"Mr. Parsons is connected with some one of the fair-roads centering at Cleveland in the baggage department, and has a wife and one child. He was on an excursion for the benefit of his health."

noble resistance to the attack of the Indians against block-house occupied by them at Cote sans Dessein, i Callaway county. A large number of the Indians attacke Three times were they repulsed, Roy and his wife keeping up an incessant fire upon them. Madame Roy not only loaded the guns used for their defence by Roy, but she used the rifle herself, and the Indians, when they did retreat, left thirteen of their warriors dead within the

A letter from the Rev. W. Butler, superintendent of the mission of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Barelly, has been received, dated Nynee Tal, District of Kumaore, May 26, which announces that, in compliance with an order from the commanding officer addressed to all non-combatants, he had retired to that place for the present, and until order is restored. The New York Commercial says it is most probable that by this time he has returned to his station. At any rate the missionary's personal safety is placed beyond all peradventure.

Miss Madeleine Smith, of Glasgow notoriety, was re was shown by the people and tradesmen of Scotland to-wards herself and her family. A subscription was on foot in Ghagow for the purpose of raising a £10,000 fund for the young lady, and an address would be presented to her father stating that, in the opinion of the persons signing it, no dishonor should reflect on him from the re-

The Knoxville Register says: "A constant tide of travel. through this place. The heat-driven southerners are fle ing by hundreds from a southern sun, and seeking coolness and refreshing air in the mountains. Many pass on to the Virginia springs—others to Montvale, which is now one of the most delightful retreats in the South."

Perkins, of Dover, N. H., recently made a bet

Miss May, the American prima donna, whose great suc cess in London has recently caused a sensation, will return to the United States at the end of the present month, it is said, and commence either at the Academy or at con-certs in New York some time in September.

## Law School of the University at

The Instructors in this School are Hon. Joel Parker, LL.D., Royal Professor. Hon. Theophilus Parsons, LL.D., Dane Professo Hon. Emery Washiman, LL.D., University Prof

THE course of instruction embraces the various branches of the common law; and of equity; admiralty; considered, international, and constitutional law; and the pringrudency of the United States. The law library consists of about 12,060 volumes, and as new works appear they are added, and every effort; made to render it complete. Instruction is given by oral loctures and expositions, (and by recitations and examinations, in connexion with them, of which there are the every week. Two most courte are also holden in and washeson.

Instruction is given by oral lectures and expositions, (and by resitations and examinations, in connexion width them,) of which there are ten every week. Two most courts are also holden in each week, at each or which a cause, previously given out, is argued by four students, and an opinion delivered by the presiding instructor. Become and other facilities are also provided for the club courts, and an assembly is held weekly for practice in debate, and acquiring a knowledge of parliamentary law and proceedings.

Sindents may enter the school in any stage of their predecional studies or mercantile pursuits, and at the continencement of either terin, or in the middle or other part of a term. They are at liberty to eloct what studies they will pursue, according to their view of their own wants and attainments.

The academical year, which commences on Thursday, six weeks after the third Wednesslay in July, is divided anto two terms, of twenty weeks each, with a vacation of six weeks at the end of each term. During the winter vacation the library is opened, warned, and lightled, for the use of the members of the school.

Arrangements are in progress which it is bopped will materially diminish the expenses of living in Cambridge.

Applications for admission, or for catalogues, or any further information, may be made to either of the professors at Cambridge.

Commence, Mans., August 1857.

Aug 6—5air

WILLARD'S HOTEL, J. C. & H. A. Willa Pennsylvania avenue and Fourteenth street, Washington

## Washington Branch Railroad.

ROM Washington at 6, a. 10., connecting at Relay with trains for the West, and at Baltimore with those for Philadelphia and New York.

At 8.30, a. m., for Annapolis, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

At 3, p. m., for Beltimore and Norfolk, and at Belay with Frederick train. ross at 4.20, p. m., at Relay for the West, and for Annapoli ore, Philadelphia, and New York. unday at 7, a. m., and 4.20, p. m.

From Baltimore for Washingt

At 4.15 and 9.15, a. m., and at 3 and 5.15, p. m. On Sonday at 4.15, a.m., and 5.15, p. m. T. H. PARSONS, Agent.

## LOCAL NEWS.

THE CRIMINAL COURT YESTERDAY.—TENTH DAY OF THE ELECTION RIOT CASE -CLOSE OF THE TESTIMONY, -Shortly

after the opening of the court yesterday morning, Dauiel Fenton testified that he was at Allston's corn before the marines came up, and that he was wounded On Sunday afternoon and Sunday night rain fell in tor- when the marines fired. He had been making no dis-

The counsel for the defence here announced that they would rest the case, and moved that a verdict of the jury might be now taken in reference to Wm. Jones, Wm.

The court declined to order a verdict to be taken at this stage of the trial, but would allow these persons to be called as witnesses for the defence, if it was desired.

The permission was not accepted. Mr. Key, District attorney, asked leave to call other witnesses to testify in relation to the condition of the polls at the time they were reopened. Mr. Scott objected, and a long argument ensued; after which the court decided adversely to the proposition of the District at-

The defence having rested the case, the District attor.

nev called the following rebutting witnesses : John Rainbow, ship carpenter in the navy-yard, testified that he was invited to see the process of unloading the cannon at the City Hall. When he went in where the cannon was they had the load partly withdrawn; he advised them to desist lest it might contain fulminating or friction pewder; and he proceeded to spike the cannon by driving into the orifice the smooth end of a common three-cornered file; before doing this, however, he exam ined the orifice, and found it crammed with brick dust, as if an effort had been before made to spike or render it

operative in that way.

Alexander Patterson, United States marine, testified that, after taking possession of the cannon on the day of the riot, they took across the street near the gutter, and there the witness picked up a handful of sand and gravel and endeavored to pound it into the orifice. This not seeming to go in well, he picked up a piece of brick and mashed it into the orifice, and brushed it off with his hand to see that it was all right—saying to his companions at the same time, "Now, boys, if they should retake this, they cannot do any harm with it."

Patrick Kearney, United States marine, testified that he did not take aim at James Noakes; that he did not see Noakes on the day of the riot until after the firing was all over, and that he then saw him for the first time on top of one of the houses; that himself and Whitehouse [the other marine who Noakes said aimed at him, and into both of whose muskets he sawl was at a considerable distance from him in the ranks, they being in different companies. Witness stated that he fired directly across the street, without being able to see the other side of the street for the smoke. On this account he could not see anybody on the other side of the street at the time he fired, and was certain that nobody could see him. Wm. L. Ross, police officer, testified that he did not

request James R. Riley to go to Capt. Tyler and ask him to take away the marines.

Here the counsel for the defence asked leave to put

Mr. Riley on the stand to explain his testimony on the above point. Mr. Key objected, on the ground that both sides of the case were closed, and that it would be establishing a bad precedent to allow a witness to correct his testimony after it had been contradicted. The point was argued at length by Mr. Key for the prosecution, and Messrs. Ellis and Bradley for the defence. The court decided that the witness might state what his testimony was yesterday on that particular point. The witness then ook the stand, and stated that he said yesterday that Officer Ross told him to go to Capt. Tyler ; that he did not know Ross at the time, but that the man was afterwards pointed out to him as Policeman Ross.

The evidence in this case is now closed, and it is ex sected that the argument will be commenced this

EDWARD EVERETT LATERARY ASSOCIATION .- This association tion is composed of a number of the young men of this detating, and general literature.

At their meeting, held on Thursday evening, August 6,

letter was read from Hon. Edw. Everett, of which the Maproad, Mass., July 28, 1857.

DEAU SIE: I have just received your letter of the 24th, informing me that the members of your association had been pleased to elect me an honorary member. I am greatly indebted to them for this compliment, and espeitally for having designated the association by my name.

I will take an early opportunity of forwarding to your address a copy of my orations, in two volumes, 8vo. which I venture to offer to the acceptance of the associations.

I remain, dear sir, respectfully yours, Jas. O. Clephane, Esq., Sec. E. Everett Literary Ass'n.

An Outrage.—It is reported that on Saturday night last Mount Carmel church, in Alexandria county, Va., about three miles from Georgetown, was pulled down by a mob. The ruins of the building have since been fired and entirely consumed. It will be recollected that it was at this church that the late unfortunate affair occurred in which James Burch was shot by young Austin-the latter being a Sunday-school teacher at the church. It has not yet transpired whether or not this outrage has any connexion with the one alluded to above.

A Max Stabbed. - Eldred's Circus Company recently exhibited in Alexandria, but are now in this city. While in Alexandria one of the men was attacked by three men, who fractured his skull with a slung-shot, and stabbed him severely in the side. These men have been arrested and taken to jail for committing the assault, and are now awaiting an examination. The wounded man is now considered out of danger.

A NUBANCE.—The attention of the board of health is again respectfully directed to the condition of the sewon which a strong effluvium escapes, on the south side of Pennsylvania avenue, between Sixth and

PEACHES AND MILE .- The editor of the Alexandria Gazette seems to be the favorite of fortune. The first ripe strawberries of the season found their way to his sanc-tum. Now he is smacking his lips over peaches and milk at the Marshall House.

THE RICHMOND FIREMEN.—The visiting firemen from Richmond lett yesterday for their homes in the early

Vashington Branch Railroad.—Philadelphia, Wilmington, and Bal timere Railroad.

DASSENGERS for this celebrated summer resor are informed that a daily line will be run (except Suntmer resort)
Institut Washington at 6, a. m., and connecting at New Castle with
the spiendid steamer General McTonaid on Tuesdays, fluradays, and
Saturdays, and on all alternate days with the eigenat and swift New
York steamers running between Philadelphia and New York via New
Castle. TH. H. PARSONS, Agent.

## EBBITT HOUSE.

F street, between 13th and 14th streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS popular and fashiomable hotel has been thoroughly repaired and farshiomable hotel has been thoroughly repaired and farshibed with new and superior formiture in contains over one immired rooms, and has all the requisites of a first-class house.

The proprieters have provided a coach, which will be at the railroad depet and steamhoat handing at every arrival for the conveyance of passeogness and baggage to the hotel.

Jane 26.—

BY TELEGRAPH.

Excitement in New Orlean

New Obleans, Aug. 7.—The examination of Blackwood, who brutally murdered Wright on Saturday, commenced to-day. A large crowd had gathered to lynch him. Humons are affoat that there will be an organization of a vigilance committee.

Award of Gen. Jackson's Gold Snuff-box New York, Aug. 7.—Gen. Jackson's gold snuff-box was awarded to Garrett W. Dyckman, colonel of the New York regiment in the Mexican war.

Ohio River. WHIRLING, (Va.,) Aug. 7 .- The river here is five fost

Destructive Fire. Sr. Paus, Aug. 4.—A destructive fire broke out this morning at 2 o'clock in the store of J. T. Caldwell, St. Anthony street, and before the flames could be extinguished the entire square, with the exception of the First Presbyterian Church, was consumed. Seventeen buildings in all were burnt, involving a less of \$50,000, on which there is \$12,000 insurance.

Fire in Chicago

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—A building at the corner of Washington and Clarke streets, owned by James Larnon, was totally destroyed by fire last night. It was undergoing repairs, and the fire originated, it is supposed, in the care

Sr. Lovis, Aug. 7.—The Kansas Herald of Freedom of the 3d of August says that Gov. Walker received advices from the commander of Fort Riley that a large force of Cheyonne Indians had reached that station, and an attack was expected hourly. The fort contains at present only half a company of infantry, and its defences are very weak. The Indians have driven in the settlers and committed several mudders in sight of the fort. Gov. Walker immediately sent Col. Cooke to their assistance with all the force under his command.

Augusta, Aug. 7.—Mr. Maguire, the special agent of the Post Office Department, has arrested Samuel C. Scott, postmaster at Colliers, Edgefield district, South Carolina, for robbing the mail. Scott is now in jail at Augusta. He was caught by a decoy letter.

Bee RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—The Disciples' meeting will be held to morrow, as usual, in the west room of Temperator Hall. Preaching at 11 o'clock, a.m., and 73<sub>8</sub>, p. m., by Professor Munnell, of New York.

The public are cordially invited.

#### United States Patent Office.

ON the petition of David Bruce, jr., of Brooklyn, (E. B.,) New York, praying for the asternate

N the petition of David Bruce, if, of Brooklyn, (E. D., New York, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him on the 6th of November, 1843, for an improvement in "type casting machine," for sower years, from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 6th day of November, 1857.—
It is ordered that the said petition be heasy at the Patent Office on the 20th of October next, at 12 o'clock, in.; and all persons are notified to appear and show came, if any they have, why said petition ought not be granted.

Tersons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be formal—on application.

ance with the rules of the office, which was securious.

The testimony in the case will be closed on the 16th of October; depositions, and other papers relicit upon as testimony, must be filled in the office on or before the morning of that day; the arguments, if any, within ten days thereafter.

Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Union, intelligencer, and Evening Star, Washington, D. C.; Republican, Baltimore, Md.; Fennsylvanian, Philadelphia; and Daily News, New York, N. Y., once a week for three successive weeks previous to the 26th of October next, the day of hearing.

S. T. SHIGEER,

S. T. SHUGERT, Acting Commissioner of Patents P. S.—Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send their alls to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. Ang 8—law3w

MORE NEW BOOKS at Taylor & Maury's.—The LYL East of Ashurst, a novel. By the author of Evelyn Mariton Ranking's Hall-Yearly Abstract of the Medical Sciences, January to (ally, 1857. 11.

July, 1857. \$1.

Chief of the Pilgrims; or, The Life and Time of William Browster. By the Box. Ashbel Steele, A. M., illustrated. \$2 50.

Price Essays on Consumption, Picks Fund Prine Essays. \$1.

A History of Rome. By Benry 6, Liddell, B. R., illustrated by numerous wood cuts. \$1.

Just received at

TAYLOR & MAURY'S,

Bookstore, near Ninth street.

OFFICE OF THE CONSOLIDATED LOTTE-RIES OF MARYLAND. The following are the drawn numbers of the Maryland Consolidat Lottery, for the benefit of Susquehanna canal, &c., class 30, draw August 5, 1867:

62 66 46 69 51 1 70 14 23 6 71 17 The following are the drawn numbers of the Patapaco Jactitute Lot-ery, class 180, drawn August 6, 1857:

56 1 41 12 62 14 73 48 40 4 47 37 D. H. McPuzu, Commissioner.

OST—On Thursday evening, the 28th instant, a long white lace scarf. The finder shall be liberally rewarded by leaving it at 450 Fifteenth street.

May 30—41 [Star.]

RUSKIN'S ELEMENTS OF DRAWING.—The DELements of Brawing, in three letters to beginners; by John Buskin, M. A. with illustrations drawn by the author. English edition. Price \$1 25. TAYLOR & MAURY. Bookstore, near Ninth street

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HISTORY OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTAtives of the Thirty fourth Congress, 1855-27; by F. st. Price 15 conts. For sale at TAYLOR & MAURY'S

### NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

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We would call attention to the card of Wm. Grandin, esq., who is commissioner for most of the States and Territories, and is also commis-ioner in the United States Court of China. Oblinel Grandin is thor-aughly conversant with business counceted with the departments at Wadnington and the practice of the United States Court of Chaims.

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BOARD of army officers will be assembled at West Point, New York, for the purpose of making trials of breech loading rides, with a view to ancertain which arm, of this description, is best suited to the nailtary service. The trials will commence on the 17th of August, 1857. All persons intending to offer arms for trial will please notify the Colonel of Ordnance, giving a general description of the arm each may intend to prescut, and specifying the calibre, weight, and length of barrel, Cartridges or other atomunition suitable for the arm should be brought with it.

H. K. CRAIO,

H. K. CRAIG,
OUNCASCO Greece, Washington, July 23, 1857.
To be published daily till 17th August in the Pennsylvanian, Pi
delphia; National Democrat and Irish News, New York; Mors
Post, Boston. Each of which papers will send their bulls and a c
of the paper containing the advertisement to the Ordnance Office.

July 24—017Aug GREAT inducements offered for cash.—Prepara-

ALEAT IMPROCEDENTS OFFICE OF CASE.—Prepara-tions to executing a new building, we will sell out our entire stock of men's and leave ready-made clothing at 20 per cent. less than New York prices. As our stock is large and well selected, we can offer such inducements as will save time and expense to those favoring us with a call. Should not purchasers be pleased, it shall not be our faul.

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July 25—2aw2not [Intel.]

THE subscribers, grateful for past favors, and finding that a discriminating public were bestowing their patronage to that extent that more warerooms were increasing to exhibit all their stock, have enlarged their depot, by opening an extensive ware and salesroom on Broadway, at No. 251, corner of Marray street, opposite the Cit Hall. This enlargement of warehouse room, with the record extensive enlargement of their factory, will enable the subscribers to keep on hand at all times a larger stock of fire and burglar-proof safes than any other establishment in the world. Particular attention will be had to constructing safes for private families to match with other furniture, for the security of plate and jewelry.

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